

Mercodia Rat C-peptide ELISA

Directions for Use

10-1172-01 REAGENTS FOR 96 DETERMINATIONS

For Research Use Only

Manufactured by

Mercodia AB

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EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS USED ON LABELS

Σ	Reagents for 96 determinations
\Box	Expiry date
	Store between 2-8°C
LOT	Lot No.

INTENDED USE

Mercodia Rat C-peptide ELISA provides a method for the quantitative determination of rat C-peptide in serum, EDTA-plasma and cell culture medium.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION OF THE TEST

C-peptide is formed together with insulin from the cleavage of proinsulin within secretory granules in the B-cell. In most species the insulin gene exists in a single copy. Rats and mice however, have two closely related genes which produce two nonallelic proinsulins (1). The rat proinsulins are cleaved to form two insulins (insulin I and insulin II) and two C-peptides (C-peptide I and C-peptide II): The two C-peptides differ with regard to two amino acids in the middle segment of the molecule. C-peptide is considered to have a longer half-life in circulation than insulin, and is used in humans and animal models as a marker of endogenous insulin production (2). Traditionally C-peptide has been considered to be without biological effects of its own, but in recent years it has been reported that C-peptide leffects of C-peptide have also been observed in animal models of diabetes (4, 5). Mercodia Rat C-peptide ELISA calibrators are made from syntetic rat C-peptide I. Both rat C-peptide I and II are measured in the assay.

PRINCIPLE OF THE PROCEDURE

Mercodia Rat C-peptide ELISA is a solid phase two-site enzyme immunoassay. It is based on the sandwich technique in which two monoclonal antibodies are directed against separate antigenic determinants on the C-peptide molecule. During incubation, C-peptide in the sample reacts with anti-C-peptide antibodies bound to the microtitration well. After washing, peroxidase conjugated anti-C-peptide antibodies are added and after the second incubation and a simple washing step that removes unbound enzyme labeled antibody, the bound conjugate is detected by reaction with 3,3'-5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB). The reaction is stopped by the addition of acid, giving a colorimetric endpoint that can be read spectrophotometrically.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- For Research Use only. Not for internal or external use in humans or animals.
- The content of this kit and their residues must not be allowed to come into contact with ruminating animal or swine.
- The Stop Solution in this kit contains 0.5 M H₂SO₄. Follow routine precautions for handling hazardous chemicals.
- All samples should be handled as capable of transmitting infections.

MATERIAL REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Pipettes for 10, 50, 100, 200 and 1000 μL (repeating pipettes preferred for addition of enzyme conjugate 1X solution, Substrate TMB and Stop Solution)
- Beakers and cylinders for reagent preparation
- Redistilled water
- Microplate reader (450 nm filter)
- Plate shaker (The recommended velocity is 700-900 cycles per minute, orbital movement)
- Microplate washing device

REAGENTS

Each Mercodia Rat C-peptide ELISA (10-1172-01) kit contains reagents for 96 wells, sufficient for 42 samples and one calibrator curve in duplicate. For larger series of assays, use pooled reagents from packages bearing identical lot numbers. The expiry date for the complete kit is stated on the outer label. The recommended storage temperature is 2-8°C.

Coated Plate	1 plate	96 wells	Ready for Use
Mouse monoclonal anti-rat C-pep		8-well strips	,
For unused microplate strips, researed use within 8 weeks.			e at 2–8°C
Calibrators 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Synthetic rat C-peptide I Color coded yellow Concentration stated on vial label Storage after reconstitution: 2–8°		1000 µL	Lyophilized Add 1000 µL redistilled water per vial.
Calibrator 0 Color coded yellow	1 vial	5 mL	Ready for Use
Enzyme Conjugate 11X Peroxidase conjugated mouse mo	1 vial noclonal anti-rat (1.3 mL C-peptide	Preparation, see below
Enzyme Conjugate Buffer Color coded blue	1 vial	13 mL	Ready for use
Assay Buffer Color coded red	1 vial	6 mL	Ready for use
Wash Buffer 21X Storage after dilution: 2-8°C for 8 weeks.	1 bottle	50 mL	Dilute with 1000 mL redistilled water to make wash buffer 1X solution
Substrate TMB Colorless solution Note! Light sensitive!	1 bottle	22 mL	Ready for Use
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Stop Solution} \\ \textbf{0.5 M H}_2 \textbf{SO}_4 \end{array}$	1 vial	7 mL	Ready for Use

Preparation of enzyme conjugate 1X solution

Prepare the needed volume of enzyme conjugate 1X solution by dilution of Enzyme Conjugate 11X, (1+10) in Enzyme Conjugate Buffer or according to the table below. Mix gently.

When preparing enzyme conjugate 1X solution for the whole plate or if the reagents are to be used within 1 week, pour all of the Enzyme Conjugate Buffer into the Enzyme Conjugate 11X vial.

Number of strips	Enzyme Conjugate 11X	Enzyme Conjugate Buffer
12 strips	1 vial	1 vial
8 strips	700 µL	7 mL
4 strips	400 µL	4 mL

Storage after dilution: 2-8°C for 1 week.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING

Serum

Collect blood by venipuncture, allow to clot and separate the serum by centrifugation.

Plasma

Collect blood by venipuncture into tubes containing EDTA as anticoagulant, and separate the plasma fraction.

Cell culture medium

Note that different chemicals used in cell culture media can interfere with the assay (such as sodium azide (NaN₃) and beta-mercaptoethanol).

PREPARATION OF SAMPLES

No dilution is normally required for serum or plasma. All samples containing rat C-peptide above the highest Calibrator should be diluted with Calibrator 0.

TEST PROCEDURE

All reagents and samples must be brought to room temperature before use. Perform each determination in duplicate for calibrators and samples. Prepare a calibrator curve for each assay run.

- 1. Reconstitute Calibrator 1-5 with 1000 µL redistilled water per vial.
- Prepare enzyme conjugate 1X solution (according to table on previous page) and wash buffer 1X solution.
- 3. Prepare sufficient microplate wells to accommodate Calibrators and samples in duplicate.
- 4. Pipette 10 µL each of Calibrators and samples into appropriate wells.
- 5. Add 50 µL of Assay Buffer to each well.
- 6. Incubate on a plate shaker (700-900 rpm) for 1 hour at room temperature (18-25°C).
- Wash 6 times with 700 µL wash buffer 1X solution per well using an automatic plate washer with overflow-wash function. After final wash, invert and tap the plate firmly against absorbent paper. Do not include soak step in washing procedure. Or manually,

discard the reaction volume by inverting the microplate over a sink. Add 350 µL wash buffer 1X solution to each well. Discard the wash solution, tap firmly several times against absorbent paper to remove excess liquid. Repeat 5 times. <u>Avoid prolonged soaking during washing procedure.</u>

- 8. Add 100 µL enzyme conjugate 1X solution into each well.
- 9. Incubate on a plate shaker for 1 hour at room temperature (18-25°C).
- 10. Wash as described in 7.
- 11. Add 200 µL Substrate TMB into each well.
- 12. Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature (18-25°C).
- 13. Add 50 µL Stop Solution to each well.

Place the plate on the shaker for approximately 5 seconds to ensure mixing.

14. Read optical density at 450 nm and calculate results. Read within 30 minutes.

Note/To prevent contamination between the conjugate and substrate, separate pipettes are recommended.

INTERNAL QUALITY CONTROL

Commercial controls and/or in-house serum pools with low, intermediate and high rat C-peptid concentrations should routinely be assayed as samples, and results charted from day to day. It is good laboratory practice to record the following data for each assay: kit lot number, preparation dates of kit components, OD values for the blank, Calibrators and controls.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS Computerized calculation

The concentration of rat C-peptide is obtained by computerized data reduction of the absorbance for the Calibrators, except Calibrator 0, versus the concentration using cubic spline regression.

Manual calculation

- Plot the absorbance values obtained for the Calibrators, except Calibrator 0, against the rat C-peptide concentration on a log-log paper and construct a calibrator curve.
- 2. Read the concentration of the samples from the calibrator curve.

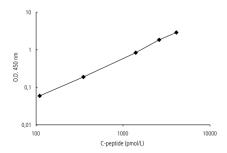
Wells	Identity	A ₄₅₀	Mean conc. pmol/l
1A-B	Calibrator 0	0.114/0.113	
1CD	Calibrator 1*	0.176/0.168	
1E-F	Calibrator 2*	0.301/0.301	
1G-H	Calibrator 3*	0.969/0.923	
2AB	Calibrator 4*	1.958/1.936	
2C-D	Calibrator 5*	2.983/2.991	
2E-F	Sample 1	0.275/0.276	303.0
2G—H	Sample 2	1.086/1.100	1557.2
3 A-B	Sample 3	2.134/2.120	2840.6

Example of results

*Concentration stated on vial label.

Example of calibrator curve

A typical calibrator curve is shown here. Do not use this curve to determine actual assay results.



LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

Grossly lipemic, icteric or haemolyzed samples do not interfere in the assay.

EXPECTED VALUES

Good practice dictates that each laboratory establishes its own expected range of values.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Detection limit

Detection limit is defined as the Capability of Detection according to ISO11843-Part 1. Capability of Detection should be seen as part of a method validation, rather than the lowest concentration that can be measured.

The detection limit is lower than the concentration of Calibrator 1 determined with the methodology described in ISO11843-Part 4.

Concentration of samples with absorbance below Calibrator 1 should not be calculated, instead expressed as less or equal to (<) the concentration indicated on the vial for Calibrator 1.

Recovery

Recovery upon addition is 97-100% (mean 98%). Recovery upon dilution is 91-105% (mean 100%).

Hook effect

Samples with a concentration of up to 400 000 pmol/L have been tested without giving falsely low results.

Precision

Each sample was analyzed in 4 replicates on 24 different occasions.

		Coefficient of variation		
Sample	Mean value pmol/L	within assay %	between assay %	total assay %
1	335	4.2	7.2	7.5
2	1432	2.5	3.9	4.1
3	2831	2.0	2.2	2.4

Specificity

The following cross reaction have been found: Rat Insulin <0.01% Rat Proinsulin 4.55% Human C-Peptide <0.001%

CALIBRATION

Mercodia Rat C-peptide ELISA is calibrated against an in-house reference preparation of rat C-peptide I.

WARRANTY

The performance data presented here was obtained using the procedure indicated. Any change or modification in the procedure not recommended by Mercodia AB may affect the results, in which event Mercodia AB disclaims all warranties expressed, implied or statutory, including the implied warranty of merchantability and fitness for use.

Mercodia AB and its authorized distributors, in such event, shall not be liable for damages indirect or consequential.

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SUMMARY OF PROTOCOL SHEET

Mercodia Rat C-peptide ELISA

Add Calibrators, controls and samples	10 µL
Add Assay Buffer	50 μL
Incubate	1 hour at 18-25°C on a plate shaker
Wash plate with wash buffer 1X solution	6 times
Add enzyme conjugate 1X solution	100 µL
Incubate	1 hour at 18-25°C on a plate shaker
Wash plate with wash buffer 1X solution	6 times
Add Substrate TMB	200 µL
Incubate	15 minutes at 18-25°C
Add Stop Solution	50 µL Shake for 5 seconds to ensure mixing
Measure A ₄₅₀	Evaluate results